# **Exploring Arizona's Biotic Communities**

**Lesson 5: Group Presentations** 

### LESSON OVERVIEW

In this lesson, students will first research an assigned biotic community and then design a visual display of their community and present it to the class.

### SUGGESTED GRADE LEVELS

6 – 10

### ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS

- Arizona has a tremendous natural diversity because of the state's variety of ecosystems.
- Ecosystems, which are based on differences in soil, climate, and human and natural disturbances, can be defined on local or global scales.
- Plants and animals are adapted to survive in the environment in which they live
- Ecosystems change over time due to natural and human events.

### **OBJECTIVES**

Students will:

- Use the Internet and library to research a specific biotic community.
- Describe features of their biotic community and differentiate it from others.
- Create a visual display of their biotic community.

### ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION STANDARDS

Grade	Reading	Writing	Social Studies
6	S3-C1-01; S3-C1-07	S1-C5-01; S1-C5-03	S4-C2-02
7	S3-C1-01; S3-C1-08		S4-C2-01; S4-C2-02; S4-C5-03
8	S3-C1-01; S3-C1-08		S4-C5-01
9	S3-C1-05; S3-C1-08	S1-C5-01; S1-C5-02	S4-C2-01; S4-C5-05
10	S3-C1-05; S3-C1-08		

*Note: The full text of these standards can be found in Appendix A.* 

### TIME FRAME

• 3 days (2 days for groups to plan presentations, 1 day for groups to share)



### **MATERIALS**

- Arizona: A Land of Many Communities Newsletter and Rubric (one per student)
- Access to Internet and color printers or copiers
- Display board (one per group)
- Markers or colored pencils (one set per group)
- Glue sticks (one per group)
- Plant and animal cards previously created

### TEACHER PREPARATION

• Assign students to teams of four. Students may continue to work in the same teams they were assigned to for previous biotic community lessons.

### SUGGESTED PROCEDURES

- 1. Give students the *Arizona: A Land of Many Communities* newsletter and rubric. Go over the requirements together.
- 2. Each team will prepare a visual display about their biotic community. The following should be included:
  - a. Physical Features: topography, temperature range, precipitation, and elevation
  - b. Plant life: general description of the kinds of vegetation found in the biotic community as well as detailed information about at least two specific plants
  - c. Wildlife: general description of the kinds of wildlife found in the biotic community along with detailed information about at least two animals
  - d. Changes over time: a discussion of the most critical recent changes in the area due to natural or human causes
- 3. Each team member will take responsibility for one of the above areas.
- 4. The display will include photos or sketches of the biotic community as well as the plant and animal cards made in Lesson 4 Which Team Are You On?
- 5. The display will include a map of where the biotic community is located in Arizona.
- 6. Teams will present their displays to the class.

### ASSESSMENT

- Display boards using the rubric provided
- Informal evaluation of oral presentation

### **EXTENSIONS**

- Students could share their displays at an Open House or Parent Night.
- Students could share displays with a class of fourth graders who have been studying Arizona.



# Appendix A: Arizona Department of Education Standards - Full Text

**Reading Standards** 

Grade	Standards Strand	Concept	Performance Objective
6	3	-	ÿ
O	3	1 – Expository Text	1 – Restate the main idea (explicit or
			implicit) and supporting details in expository text
			7 – Interpret graphic features (e.g.,
			charts, maps, diagrams, illustrations,
			tables, timelines, graphs) of expository
			text
7	3	1 – Expository Text	1 – Restate the main idea (explicit or
<b>'</b>		1 Expository Text	implicit) and supporting details in
			expository text
			8 – Interpret graphic features (e.g.,
			charts, maps, diagrams, illustrations,
			tables, timelines, graphs) of expository
			text
8	3	1 – Expository Text	1 – Restate the main idea (explicit or
			implicit) and supporting details in
			expository text
			8 – Interpret graphic features (e.g.,
			charts, maps, diagrams, illustrations,
			tables, timelines, graphs) of expository
			text
9	3	1 – Expository Text	5 – Interpret graphic sources of
			information (e.g., charts, maps,
			diagrams, illustrations, tables, timelines,
			graphs) to support ideas
			8 – Support conclusions drawn from
10	2	1 E-mania Total	ideas and concepts in expository text
10	3	1 – Expository Text	5 – Interpret graphic sources of
			information (e.g., charts, maps,
			diagrams, illustrations, tables, timelines,
			graphs) to support ideas 8 – Support conclusions drawn from
			ideas and concepts in expository text
		<u> </u>	iucas and concepts in expository text

**Writing Standards** 

	Withing Standards		
Grade	Strand	Concept	Performance Objective
6, 7, 8	1	5 – Publishing	1 – Prepare writing in a format (e.g.,
			oral presentation, manuscript,
			multimedia) appropriate to audience
			and purpose
			3 – Use graphics (e.g., drawings, charts,
			graphs), when applicable, to enhance
			the final product

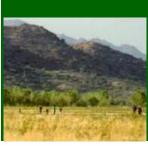


**Writing Standards Continued** 

Grade	Strand	Concept	Performance Objective
High	1	5 – Publishing	1 – Prepare writing that follows a
School			format appropriate for the purpose (e.g.,
			for display, sharing with others, or
			submitting to a publication).
			2 – Include such techniques as
			principles of design (e.g., margins, tabs,
			spacing, and columns) and graphics
			(e.g., drawings, charts, graphs), when
			applicable, to enhance the final product

### **Social Studies Standards**

Grade	Strand	Concept	Performance Objective
6	4	2 – Places and	2 – Describe the factors that cause
		Regions	regions and places to change
7	4	2 – Places and Regions	1 – Describe the human and physical characteristics of places and regions 2 – Explain the concept of regions and why they change
		5 – Environment and Society	3 – Describe how humans modify environments (e.g., conservation, deforestation, dams) and adapt to the environment
8	4	5 – Environment and Society	1 – Describe how humans modify environments (e.g., deforestation and desertification)
High School	4	2 – Places and Regions	1 – Identify the characteristics that define a region: a. Physical processes (i.e., climate, terrain, resources) b. Human processes (i.e., religion, political organization, economy, demographics)
		5 – Environment and Society	5 – Analyze how humans impact the diversity and productivity of ecosystems (e.g., invading non-native plants and animals)



## Appendix B: Worksheets and Overheads

The pages that follow contain the worksheets listed below:

A. *Arizona: A Land of Many Communities* Newsletter/Scoring Rubric – A double-sided handout to introduce the narrative essay to the students (2 pages)